

# ARKANSAS STATE PLANT BOARD SPECIAL CALLED MEETING

## Minutes

January 14, 2026

9:30 a.m.

The Arkansas State Plant Board held a Special Called meeting on January 14, 2026, at the Arkansas Department of Agriculture, 1 Natural Resources Drive, Little Rock, AR.

Chairman Reynold Meyer called the special called meeting to order.

Members present: Bruce Alford, Kyle Baltz, David Gammill, Reynold Meyer, Robin Ralston, Travis Senter, Sam Stuckey, Caleb Wall

Members present via Zoom: Sammy Angel, Jon Bierbaum, Garrett Frost, David Wallace, Jr.

Members absent: George Dunklin, Dr. Ken Korth, Matthew Miles, Nathan Reed, Dr. Nathan Slaton, Robert Throne

Corey Seats, Director, Plant Industries Division, and other Arkansas Department of Agriculture (Department) staff were in attendance.

### 1. **Opening comments and introductions**

Chair Reynold Meyer welcomed all who were in attendance and asked each board member to introduce themselves and state who they represent.

### 2. **Proposed pesticide rule public comments on proposed pesticide rule amendment**

Chair Meyer stated the purpose of this hearing is to receive public comments on the proposed pesticide rule, shown as **attachment 1**.

Chair Meyer asked if there was anyone present that would like to make an oral comment. There were none.

Chair Meyer asked if the written comments received have been reviewed.

Matthew Ford, Chief Legal Counsel with the Department, reported that the comment period for the proposed rule closed on January 13, 2026, and legal staff are preparing the summary for the Bureau of Legislative Research. He explained that the comments fall into several categories, including those supporting the rule due to the significant damage caused by feral hogs, those opposing it because they want to continue hunting hogs, and those expressing concern about potential impacts on people and other animals.

Discussion focused on the proper use of warfarin, noting that it must be placed in an approved feeder designed to prevent access by non-target species. Concerns were raised about the possibility of bears accessing the feeders and consuming the warfarin. Use is prohibited in any county where black bears have been harvested since 2023, as referenced in the proposed rule. Use in all other counties is prohibited from April 1 through November 30. There are also training and record keeping requirements.

Chair Meyer referenced a letter presented today from Arkansas Farm Bureau, shown as **attachment 2**.

Robin Ralston asked whether any statistics were available on its effectiveness in Texas. Ford responded that Texas A&M studies indicate it is effective in killing hogs.

In response to an earlier question, Ford reported that written comments were 62.5 percent in favor of the proposed rule and 37.5 percent opposed.

Ralston asked whether the board could review the written comments received. Ford stated that staff could compile and share them for the board's review.

3. **Proposed pesticide rule vote**

The board agreed to table action on the proposed rule until the written comments are available for the board to review and progress reports are received, potentially from Texas and Oklahoma.

4. **Proposed catfish rule vote**

Chair Meyer introduced the proposed catfish rule, shown as **attachment 3**. Corey Seats explained that the statute authorizing the rule was repealed during the 2025 legislative session, which in turn requires the State Plant Board to repeal the rule. No comments were received during the public comment period.

Moved by Baltz, seconded by Senter to approve the proposed repeal of the Rules on Catfish Processors in Arkansas.

Motion carried.

5. Approve board reimbursements for 2026

Moved by Alford, seconded by Stuckey to approve board reimbursements for 2026.

Motion carried.

6. Other business

Seats reviewed the 2024 Arkansas Legislative Audit shown as **attachment 4**, noting one reportable finding described in the Results of Assessment section. He stated that the Department has resolved the issue and implemented internal changes to prevent the issue from recurring.

7. Adjourn

Motion made and seconded to adjourn.

Motion carried.

Dates for the next quarterly board meetings are set for 9:30 a.m. on March 10, June 9, and September 8, 2026.

Meeting adjourned.

  
Reynold Meyer, Chairman

  
Kyle Baltz, Secretary

# Proposed Rulemaking

## Title

Promulgated by:  
State Plant Board

### **Title 2. Agriculture**

#### **Chapter II. State Plant Board, Department of Agriculture**

##### **Subchapter C. Pesticides**

##### **Part 70. Arkansas Rules on Pesticide Use**

##### **Subpart 1. Generally**

#### **2 CAR § 70-101. Title.**

(a) The following rules of the State Plant Board, written pursuant to the Arkansas Pesticide Use and Application Act, Arkansas Code § 20-20-201 et seq., and the Arkansas Pesticide Control Act, Arkansas Code § 2-16-401 et seq., shall be known as "The Arkansas Rules On Pesticide Use".

(b) Promulgation of this part repeals all provisions of the State Plant Board's current rules entitled "Arkansas Rules On 2,4-D, 2,4-DB, MCPA, And Other State Restricted Use Herbicides" effective December 31, 2002.

#### **2 CAR § 70-102. Purpose.**

(a) Pesticides are valuable to the state's agricultural production and to the protection of people and the environment from insects, rodents, weeds, and other forms of life which may be pests, but it is essential to the public health and welfare that they be regulated to prevent adverse effects on human life and the environment.

(b) However, at times certain pesticides present problems that were unanticipated by the:

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- (1) Manufacturer;
- (2) Grower; or
- (3) Applicator.

(c) The purpose of this part is to provide additional mechanisms, other than denying registration of a product in Arkansas, to minimize the adverse effects of certain pesticides to:

- (1) Plants, including forage plants, or adjacent or nearby lands;
- (2) Wildlife in the adjoining or nearby areas;
- (3) Fish and other aquatic life in waters in reasonable proximity to the area to be treated; and
- (4) Humans, animals, or beneficial insects.

## **2 CAR § 70-103. Definitions.**

As used in this part:

(1) "Buffer zone" means the distance an applicator must maintain between the field or area of application and a protected subject inside of which the subject pesticide may not be applied;

(2) "Custom applicator" means a commercial applicator that applies pesticides assigned the Class E or Class F designation;

(3) "Desirable vegetation" means any type of vegetation:

(A) ~~The-For which the~~ pesticide label specifically identifies for protection;

(B) For which the product is not labeled; or

(C) For which the owner/manager desires protection from the deposition of pesticides; and

(4) "Drift" means off-target movement of a pesticide onto desirable vegetation, waterways, or where human health or the environment may be adversely impacted, that occurs as a result of pesticide application.

## **2 CAR § 70-104. General.**

(a)(1) The effective date of this part shall be January 1, 2003, and shall apply to all

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products registered for 2003.

(2) From that time forward, all pesticides registered for sale in the State of Arkansas shall be classified as:

- (A) Class A;
- (B) Class B;
- (C) Class C;
- (D) Class D;
- (E) Class E;
- (F) Class F;
- (G) Class G;
- (H) Class H; ~~or~~
- (I) Class I; ~~or~~
- (J) Class J.

(3) Such designation shall remain the same unless changed by the State Plant Board by promulgation of a rule so changing the designation.

(4)(A) ~~Whatever designation is assigned to a product by the board, product~~ Product dealers, users, and applicators must comply with the restrictions for ~~the a~~ product's assigned class as designated by the Board.

(B) Such restrictions will apply to product uses allowed as a result of Section (18) or Section 24(c) actions under FIFRA, except where the requirements on the label are clearly more restrictive than the board's requirements, in which case the more restrictive requirement must be followed.

(b)(1) The designations in this part apply to all pesticide products registered in the State of Arkansas.

(2) The use restrictions itemized in this part are intended to be in addition to the product label.

(3) ~~However, where~~ Where the label is more restrictive than the applicable restrictions listed in this part, then the label shall be followed.

(4) Each successive class designation in this part includes the restrictions defined in the designations that precede it.

## 2 CAR § 70-105. Product classification.

The following represents the product classifications assigned to pesticides currently registered under Arkansas law:

(1)(A) Class A.

(B) All registered pesticides not otherwise assigned below;

(2) Class B;

(3) Class C;

(4) Class D;

(5) Class E;

(6)(A) Class F.

(B) All 2,4-D and 2,4-D-containing pesticides, MCPA;

(7)(A) Class G.

(B) Glyphosate-containing products packaged in containers one gallon (1 gal.) or larger, labeled for agricultural use, and used in row crop and rice production and commercial right-of-way treatment;

(8)(A) Class H.

(B) All pesticides containing dicamba; ~~and.~~

(9)(A) Class I.

(B) Quinclorac, see Attachment 1; ~~and.~~

(10)(A) Class J.

(B) All pesticides containing warfarin when used as a feral hog (*Sus scrofa*) toxicant.

## 2 CAR § 70-106. Class A.

(a)(1) All pesticides when registered in the State of Arkansas shall be classified as Class A unless research or experience has shown that certain potential problems may be inherent with the use of the product.

(2) Such knowledge may be as a result of but not limited to:

(A) Research findings;

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- (B) Findings of other state and federal agencies; or
- (C) Experience of the State Plant Board.

(3) In such cases the board may, by rule, place the product in another class.

(b)(1) Products with this classification must be used in accordance with the label restrictions and other restrictions, if any, imposed by board rules other than this part.

(2) Documentation of equipment set-up must be maintained by the commercial applicator on forms provided by the ~~board~~ department and made available to the ~~board~~ department upon request.

(3)(A) Insecticides that are intended to be applied in low volume (LV) or ultra low volume (ULV), and product label guidelines require droplet sizes designated as "fine" or smaller in accordance with the August 1999 issue of the ASAE S572 report entitled Spray Nozzle Classification by Droplet Spectra, shall not be required to comply with the board's rules regarding spray droplet size.

(B) Said products must comply with the product label.

## **2 CAR § 70-107. Class B.**

(a) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

(1) All other applicable federal or state laws and the rules written pursuant thereto;

(2) The label registered with the State of Arkansas, ~~rules promulgated by the State Plant Board~~;

(3) The applicable restrictions identified for Class A; and

(4) The following additional restrictions.

(b) If enforcement action is taken against a commercial, noncommercial, or private applicator regarding drift of a product with this designation or a buffer zone violation, a part of the enforcement action will require the applicator to:

(1) Attend a drift control training class administered by the ~~board~~ department;

or

(2) Other training that is acceptable to the board.

**2 CAR § 70-108. Class C.**

(a) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

- (1) All other applicable federal or state laws and the rules written pursuant thereto;
- (2) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;
- (3) The applicable restrictions identified for Class A and Class B; and
- (4) The following additional restrictions.

(b)(1) All commercial equipment used to apply pesticides with this designation must be in compliance with the application equipment set-up requirements specified for herbicide applications contained in the rules written pursuant to the Pesticide Use and Application Act, as amended, Arkansas Code § 20-20-201 et seq., prior to the initial application.

(2) The ~~State Plant Board~~department is to verify compliance with the set up that was originally authorized.

(3) If the application equipment is modified, it must again be authorized to be in compliance with the requirements for herbicide application contained in the before-referenced rules.

(4) The ~~board~~department will inspect all application equipment each year that is used to apply products with the Class C designation.

(5) A fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) shall be charged for each ~~board~~department inspection.

(c) Applications of products with this designation with equipment that is not acceptable to or has not been inspected by the ~~board~~department will be a violation of this part.

**2 CAR § 70-109. Class D.**

(a) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

- (1) All other applicable federal or state laws and the rules written pursuant thereto;
- (2) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;

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- (3) The applicable restrictions identified for Class A, Class B, and Class C; and
- (4) The following additional restrictions.

(b)(1) Applications may be made only when the wind is not blowing in the direction of:

- (A) Desirable vegetation;
- (B) Waterways; or
- (C) Where human health or the environment may be adversely impacted.

(2) Where desirable vegetation, waterways, or human health and the environment cannot be protected by ensuring they are not downwind from the application site, then, unless a greater distance is required by the label or other applicable state or federal rules, a three hundred-foot minimum buffer zone must be maintained between the protected entity (desirable vegetation, waterway, etc.) and the sprayed area.

## **2 CAR § 70-110. Class E.**

(a) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

- (1) All other applicable federal or state laws and the rules written pursuant thereto;
- (2) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;
- (3) The applicable restrictions identified for Class A, Class B, Class C, and Class D; and
- (4) The following additional restrictions.

### **(b) Dealers requirements.**

(1)(A) Before selling, offering for sale, or distributing pesticides with this designation in packages of more than one quart (1 qt.), a dealer must be a licensed restricted use pesticides dealer.

(B) A dealer may sell, offer for sale, or distribute only those pesticides that are registered in the state.

(2)(A) Each branch of a license holding dealer which also sells or distributes these products must have a dealer's license.

(B) Firms or distributors who take orders for these products must secure a dealer's license, even though the order is placed with a dealer or manufacturer who holds a license, and even though no profit is made.

(3)(A) Dealers must keep a record of each sale or distribution of products with this designation to custom or private applicators or dealers in containers of more than one quart (1 qt.) on forms available from, or approved by, the ~~State Plant Board~~department.

(B) Entries in the record shall be made at the time of sale or distribution and shall include the:

(i) Date of the purchase;

(ii) Name, address, and license or permit number of the purchaser;

and

(iii) Name and address of the delivery location.

(C) The complete brand name and quantity of the product shall also be recorded. These records shall be:

(i) Kept by the dealer for two (2) years from the date of sale; and

(ii) Made available for inspection by the ~~board~~department upon requestor its representative upon request.

(4)(A) The sale or distribution of products with this classification in containers of more than one quart (1 qt.) to any firm or person other than a dealer or a custom or private applicator holding a current and valid license or permit is prohibited.

(B) Dealer must have a copy of the custom applicator's license on file.

(5) Nonresidents of Arkansas shall designate and maintain a resident agent in this state for service of process.

**(c) Requirements for custom application.**

(1) The application of products with the Class E or Class F designation shall be known as custom application.

(2)(A) To be eligible to apply products with the Class E or Class F designation, a commercial application firm must obtain a firm's custom applicator permit from the ~~board~~department prior to making any applications.

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(B) Said permit must designate an operator-in-charge whose responsibility is to supervise all custom applications made by the firm.

(3) Issuance of the permit shall be conditioned on the following:

(A)(i) Commercial aerial application firms must have a firm's commercial applicator license issued by the boarddepartment to apply pesticides in Arkansas.

(ii)(a) All pilots that apply pesticides for the firm must have an individual commercial applicator pilot license (with category) issued by the boarddepartment.

(b) The firm must have a copy of all individual commercial applicator pilot licenses held by pilots employed by the firm.

(iii)(a) Commercial aerial application firms that wish to apply products with the Class E or Class F designation must obtain a firm's custom applicator permit from the boarddepartment.

(b) The firm's permit must designate at least one (1) of its licensed individual commercial applicators that has passed the custom applicator test as an operator-in-charge.

(c)(1) All pilots making custom applications must have an individual commercial applicator pilot license with authorization to apply Class E or Class F products.

(2) Said authorization is obtained by passing a custom applicator written test administered by the boarddepartment;

(B)(i) Commercial ground application firms must have a firm's commercial applicator license issued by the boarddepartment.

(ii) At least one (1) person working for the firm must have an individual commercial applicator license (with category) issued by the boarddepartment.

(iii)(a) Commercial ground application firms that wish to apply products with the Class E or Class F designation must obtain a firm's custom application permit.

(b) The firm's permit must designate at least one (1) of its licensed individual commercial applicators that has passed the custom applicator test as

an operator-in-charge;

(C) The application vehicle must be covered by a current certificate of inspection as required in 2 CAR § 70-107;

(D)(i) Licensed commercial application firms that do tree injection work only, do not need a firm's custom applicator permit to apply products with the Class E or Class F designation.

(ii) For such firms, a tree injector's permit is required.

(iii) ~~However, the~~The firm's tree injector permit must designate at least one (1) of the firm's licensed individual commercial applicators that has passed the tree injector test administered by the ~~board~~department as an operator-in-charge;

(E)(i) A deposit of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) shall be made with the ~~board~~department by the custom application firm, except that those persons doing tree injector work exclusively will deposit ten dollars (\$10.00) per tree injector, up to a maximum of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250).

(ii)(a) Said deposit shall be returned at the expiration of the permit upon request unless the custom applicator is found in violation of the board's rules or suffers cancellation of his or her custom applicator's permit.

(b) ~~In which case the~~The deposit will be retained by the ~~board~~department to supplement cost recovery of inspection and administration incidental to such finding;

(F)(i)(a) A deposit of funds as described in subdivision (c)(3)(E) of this section and proof of financial responsibility, as described below is required.

(b) Nonresidents of Arkansas shall designate and maintain a resident agent in this state for service of process.

(c) Custom application permits, custom application authorizations, and tree injector permits shall expire December 31 of each year.

(ii) Financial responsibility in the minimum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) shall be maintained by the custom application firm or tree injection firm during the term of his or her permit, with proof of such financial responsibility submitted to the ~~board~~department.

(iii) Proof of financial responsibility shall consist of one (1) of the following:

(a)(1) The deposit of a certificate of insurance or insurance policy not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) deductible from an insurer or surplus line broker authorized to do business in Arkansas insuring the custom application firm and any of its agents against liability for injury resulting from the application of products with this designation.

(2) If a claim is made on this type of policy, then the policy must not expire for at least six (6) months after the expiration of the permit;

(b) A letter of credit from a bank located in Arkansas guaranteeing financial responsibility;

(c) A surety bond; or

(d) An escrow account with a bank located in Arkansas;

(G)(i) Application for a permit must be made on forms furnished by the board-department accompanied by the following fees:

(a)(1) Aerial custom application firms must pay an annual application processing fee of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) plus fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each operator-in-charge.

(2) Pilots making custom applications must pay an annual application processing fee of thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) for authorization to apply products in Class E and Class F;

(b) Ground custom application firms must pay an annual application processing fee of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) plus fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each operator-in-charge; and

(c) Applicants for a tree injector's permit must pay an annual application processing fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) plus fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each operator-in-charge.

(ii)(a) ~~Should, at any time, a~~ custom application firm ~~be left~~ without an operator-in-charge or a pilot with an individual commercial applicator pilot license with authorization to apply products with the Class E or Class F designation, either

because of invalidation of the permit or for any other reason, ~~such~~ shall automatically ~~invalidate the~~ have its custom applicator's firm permit invalidated.

(b) It shall be a violation of this part for an individual or firm to act as a custom applicator that is not licensed to do so by the board department;

(H)(i) The ~~board or its authorized representative or representatives~~ department may refuse issuance, after a hearing, of a custom applicator's permit to any applicant when such applicant has been found in violation of this part four (4) times in a three-year period.

(ii) Such applicant may appeal to the board.

(iii) All requests for an appeal must be made in accordance with the board's policy on appealing a decision;

(I)(i) All equipment used for custom application of the products with this designation must have a decal provided by the board department affixed to the device in a location where it can be easily seen by a board representative department employee and protected from removal or disfigurement by work activity.

(ii) This decal may only be affixed to equipment that meets the requirements set out in this part and other applicable rules promulgated by the board.

(iii) Use of equipment for custom application that does not have a current decal will be a violation of this part.

(iv) Decals are not transferable between equipment.

(v) Each decal shall be issued at a cost of fifty dollars (\$50.00).

(vi)(a) Subsequent to issuance of a decal, the equipment on which the decal is to be attached will be subject to inspection by the board department.

(b) Equipment found not meeting the requirements set out by this part or other applicable rules promulgated by the board will be issued a stop use order that will be released by the board department once the board department is satisfied that the equipment meets the set up requirements of the applicable rules.

(c) The applicator will also be considered in violation of the board's rules on pesticide application and be subject to the required enforcement action.

(vii) All decals and permits expire on December 31 of each year.

(viii) Equipment used to apply pesticides with this designation shall not be used for the application of other pesticides that do not carry this designation or the Class F designation unless the following has been done:

(a) The vehicle must be thoroughly decontaminated;

(b)(1) The tank must be thoroughly rinsed and the rinsate disposed of in accordance with the label.

(2) If the label does not address rinsate disposal, the rinsate should be collected and disposed of in accordance with applicable state and federal disposal laws; and

(c)(1) The entire spray or application system must be replaced or decontaminated using the best available technology such that a sample taken from the successive pesticide tank load would contain no detectable concentration of the previous product.

(2) Where research has established a concentration below which no adverse effects occur and that concentration level is not a violation of state or federal law or rules written pursuant to such laws, then that established concentration will be acceptable.

(3) Compliance with this provision in no way exempts the product user from compliance with any other responsibility imposed by state or federal law or regulation written pursuant thereto.

(4)(A) Pesticide application equipment must have a leak-free valve that is painted hunter orange from which a sample can be taken.

(B) Aircraft must have a sample valve located at the low point in the spray system.

(C) Ground application equipment must have a sample valve located in the pressure by-pass line;

(J)(i)(a) All firms desiring to do custom application work must have a custom application permit to do so. Said permit must designate an operator-in-charge.

(b) Eligibility as operator-in-charge will be conditioned on the

following:

(1) Achieving a score of seventy percent (70%) or better on an examination administered by the ~~board~~department;

(2) Pilots must hold a valid Federal Aviation Administration pilot's commercial certificate;

(3) Applicant may not have more than four (4) enforcement actions indicated on the ~~board's department's~~ records in the ~~three (3)~~two (2) years prior to the date of testing; and

(4) The fee for each test shall be thirty-five dollars (\$35.00).

(ii) Pilots and operators-in-charge shall be responsible for notifying the ~~board~~ department of the name and location of employment prior to starting work; and

(K)(i) The custom application firm must maintain records of each application of products with this and the Class F designation.

(ii) Said records must be retained at the principal Arkansas office of the custom application firm as indicated on the firm license for a period of ~~three (3)~~two (2) years and be available for inspection by ~~a board representative~~the department.

(iii) The records shall include at a minimum the following information:

(a) Name and address of the person or persons in control of the crops, plant, etc;

(b)(1) Location of the crop, plants, etc. treated.

(2) Location description must include:

(A) County;

(B) Nearest town;

(C) Physical address if available; and

(D) GPS or map coordinates of the primary entrance to

the field;

(c) Date, start time, and ending time of the application;

(d)(1) Wind speed and direction at the start and ending times of the application and the type of instrument used to measure wind speed and direction.

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(2) The location of instrument at time of reading (preferably “field of application”) must also be recorded;

(e) Complete brand name and United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number of the material used;

(f) Number of acres and type of crop to which the material was applied;

(g) Type of equipment used and the firm’s custom application equipment number assigned to it by the ~~board~~department;

(h) Distance from and direction to any susceptible crops within a one-mile radius of the treated crop; and

(i) Name of the application vehicle operator.

**(d) Requirements for noncustom application of products in this class.**

(1) Whether designated as “restricted” by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or not, products in containers of more than one quart (1 qt.) with this class designation and the Class F designation may not be purchased by or sold to persons who do not have a current commercial, noncommercial, or private applicator’s license.

(2) All applications of products with this designation by private applicators must be in accordance with the applicable application conditions required of the custom applicator.

(3)(A) The private applicator must maintain records of each application of products with this and the Class F designation.

(B) Said records must be:

(i) Retained for a period of ~~three (3)~~two (2) years; and

(ii) Available for inspection by ~~a board representative~~the department.

(C) The records shall include at a minimum the following information:

(i) Name and address of the person or persons in control of the crops, plant, etc;

(ii)(a) Location of the crop, plants, etc. treated.

(b) Location description must include:

- (1) County;
- (2) Nearest town;
- (3) Physical address, if available; and
- (4) GPS reading or map coordinates of the primary entrance

to the field;

(iii) Date, start time, and ending time of the application;

(iv)(a) Wind speed and direction at the start time and ending time of the application and type of instrument used to measure wind speed and direction.

(b) The location of instrument at time of reading (preferably “field of application”) must also be recorded;

(v) Complete brand name and United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number of the material used;

(vi) Number of acres and type of crop to which the material was applied;

(vii)(a) Type of equipment used.

(b) If the product was applied by a custom applicator, record the firm’s custom application equipment number assigned to the equipment used by the ~~board~~department;

(viii) Distance from and direction to any susceptible crops within a one-mile radius of the treated crop; and

(ix) Name of the application vehicle operator.

**(e) Exemptions.**

(1)(A) The licensing requirements of this part do not apply to:

(i) The United States Department of Agriculture, the Arkansas experiment stations, and other state or federal agencies;

(ii) Ornamental and turf weed control;

(iii) Company demonstrations with ground equipment; or

(iv) Sales of fertilizer, soil conditioners, or similar products containing registered products with this designation and packaged for home use.

(B) Provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as exempting

custom applicators from the provisions of this part when making applications for the agencies listed herein or exempting any such agency acting as a dealer from the dealer requirements.

(2) Products with the Class E or Class F designation that are not designated as restricted use products by the United States Environmental Protection Agency may be purchased from an Arkansas pesticide dealer for use outside the State of Arkansas without the dealer having to have a dealer's license or the purchaser having an applicator's license.

(3) Commercial applicators and private applicators that can provide proof of current certification and licensing from another state may purchase restricted use pesticides from a restricted use pesticide dealer licensed in Arkansas if the product is to be used outside of Arkansas.

## **2 CAR § 70-111. Class F.**

(a) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

(1) All other applicable federal or state laws and the rules written pursuant thereto;

(2) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;

(3) The applicable requirements identified for Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D, and Class E; and

(4) The following additional restrictions.

(b) Dealers may not store or transport products with this designation in the same room or vehicle with seeds, other pesticides that do not have this designation, or fertilizers, except in leak-proof containers not to be opened while in storage, and must observe all other precautions necessary to prevent contamination of these products.

(c) The use of esters of the products with this designation, except low-volatile esters, is prohibited.

(d) No product with this designation may be applied within one-fourth (1/4) mile of susceptible crops at any time except as otherwise indicated by this part.

(e) From April 16 through September 15 of each year, the following conditions shall

apply:

(1) Pesticides labeled for agricultural use that contain the active ingredient or ingredients assigned to this class, may not be applied by ground or air in Clay, Greene, Craighead, Poinsett, Cross, Crittenden, St. Francis, Lee, Phillips, and Mississippi counties;

(2)(A) Where no viable alternative is believed to exist, an annual permit may be obtained from the ~~State-Plant-Board~~department to allow an exemption to these restrictions.

(B) ~~Said-The~~ permit must be obtained prior to application and will require a permit application fee in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100).

(C) The application for the permit must be on forms authorized by the ~~board~~department.

(D) This exemption is conditioned on the producer complying with the following requirements:

(i) The permittee must have the permit in his or her possession prior to making the application and it must be made available to the ~~board or its~~ designeedepartment upon request;

(ii) For each application the following information must be recorded:

(a) A physical description of the location of the field;

(b) Date of the application;

(c) Start time and stop time for each load applied to the field;

(d)(1) Wind speed (may not be less than two miles per hour (2 m.p.h.), wind direction, ambient temperature, and precipitation condition at ten-minute intervals during the application of each load.

(2) ~~Said-The~~ measurements must be made at the field of application; and

(e) The producer must be present during the application and sign the document containing the information;

(iii) The above information must be filed with the ~~board's-Pesticide~~ Sectiondepartment along with a GPS map of the application to the field within ten (10)

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days of the date of application;

(iv) Applications made within four (4) miles of susceptible crops (defined as cotton when applying 2,4-D) must be done when the wind is blowing at least two miles per hour (2 m.p.h.) away from the susceptible crop;

(v)(a) Rice levee spraying shall not require a permit in Cross, Poinsett, Clay, Greene, Craighead, Crittenden, St. Francis, Lee, Phillips, and Mississippi counties west of the approximate north-south center line of Crowley's Ridge.

(b) However, subdivisions (e)(2)(D)(ii)(a) – (e) and (e)(2)(D)(iv) of this section must be complied with.

(c) The records for each application must be maintained by the producer for a period of ~~three (3)~~two (2) years and be made available to the ~~board~~ department upon request ~~by a board representative~~.

(d) The application device must:

(1) Generate a spray with a droplet spectrum such that no more than ten percent (10%) of the spray droplets are smaller than three hundred (300) microns;

(2) The boom width may not exceed ten feet (10');

(3) During application, the spray nozzle height may not exceed thirty inches (30") above the top of the levee; and

(4) The spray vehicle may not exceed eight miles per hour (8 m.p.h.).

(e) No 2,4-D esters may be used;

(3) In the remainder of the state, the following conditions shall apply:

(A) A buffer zone between the field to be treated and susceptible crops (susceptible crop is cotton when applying 2,4-D containing products) of four (4) miles for aerial application and one (1) mile for ground application shall be maintained;

(B) Applications made within four (4) miles of susceptible crops must be done when the wind is blowing at least two miles (2 m.p.h.) per hour away from the susceptible crop; and

(C)(i) Applications may be made within the applicable buffer zones if the

owner or supervisor of the sprayed or treated field has obtained a waiver from the producers of all susceptible crops within the buffer zone.

(ii) The waiver shall be developed by the ~~board-department~~ and provided to said producers by the owner or supervisor of the sprayed or treated field.

(iii) A copy of the waiver must be provided to the applicator who sprays or treats the field.

(iv) The applicator shall retain the record for a period of ~~three-(3)two~~ (2) years.

(v) When making an application within the applicable buffer zone, at the time of application, the wind must be blowing away from susceptible crops; and

(4)(A) Failure to comply with the requirements for a Class F product when using a Class F product will result in enforcement action being taken against the producer and the applicator in accordance with the board's penalty matrix.

(B) Any penalty mandated by the penalty matrix may have additional civil penalty added to it to bring the amount of the assessment up to the maximum amount allowed by law.

(f)(1) Any custom applicator who violates the buffer zones defined in subsection (e) of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty as prescribed by the penalty matrix for the violation plus one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(2) However, the total civil penalty for one (1) violation may not exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000).

(3) Failure to comply with the decontamination requirements of 2 CAR § 70-110(c)(3)(I) before making an application of a product with a Class A, Class B, Class C, or Class D designation inside a designated buffer zone for Class E and Class F products will be considered a buffer zone violation.

(g)(1) Products with this designation shall be applied in accordance with the application equipment set-up required for herbicide applications to field crops itemized in the rules written pursuant the Pesticide Use and Application Act, Arkansas Code § 20-20-201 et seq., as amended.

(2) Except that these conditions will apply, in addition to field crops, to:

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- (A) Pastures;
- (B) Rights-of-way;
- (C) Drainage ditches; and
- (D) Brush and forest land.

(h) The wind velocity during the application shall not exceed eight miles per hour (8 m.p.h.), and the temperature may not exceed ninety degrees Fahrenheit (90° F).

(i)(1) Applications of products with this classification shall not be made unless the following condition exists:

(A)(i) For applications made before noon, the air temperature at the field of application at the beginning of the application must be a minimum of three degrees Fahrenheit (3° F) above the morning low measured at the applicator's air strip or mixing/loading facility.

(ii) If the applicator has knowledge that the temperature measurement at his or her air strip or mixing/loading facility would not be the same as a reading taken at the same time at the field of application, then all temperature readings must be taken at the field of application; and

(B)(i) For applications made after noon, the temperature at the field of application must not have decreased more than five degrees Fahrenheit (5° F) from the afternoon high measured at the applicator's air strip or mixing/loading facility.

(ii) If the applicator has knowledge that the temperature measurement at his or her air strip or mixing/loading facility would not be the same as a reading taken at the same time at the field of application, then all temperature readings must be taken at the field of application.

(2) All temperature measurements referenced above must be maintained by the grower as well as the applicator and be made available to the ~~board~~ department upon request.

**(j) Enlist exemption.**

(1)(A) Dow Agro-Sciences' products identified as Enlist One and Enlist Duo - premix of glyphosate and 2,4-D choline may be used on Enlist Weed Control System:

- (i) Soybeans;

(ii) Cotton; and

(iii) Corn.

(B) All board restrictions on 2,4-D containing products will apply except the following:

(i) 2 CAR § 70-111(d);

(ii) 2 CAR § 70-111(e)(1);

(iii) 2 CAR § 70-111(e)(2);

(iv) 2 CAR § 70-111(e)(3); and

(v) 2 CAR § 70-111(h); and

(C) The application window in 2 CAR § 70-111(e) shall not apply.

(2) In addition to all product label requirements, the following conditions apply:

(A) At the time of application, the wind must be blowing away from adjacent sensitive areas and nontarget susceptible crops as identified by the product label;

(B) The wind speed during the application may not exceed ten miles per hour (10 m.p.h.);

(C) The volume median diameter (VMD) of the spray droplets must be greater than three hundred (300) microns; and

(D)(i) Tank mixes will not be permitted unless research data, from a source acceptable to the board, is provided.

(ii) This data must prove that the mix, when applied according to the product label and state restrictions, does not increase the driftable fines (those less than two hundred (200) microns) by more than ten percent (10%) over that of the product alone.

(iii) However, there will be a limit of no more than ten percent (10%) of the total mix's droplets to be smaller than two hundred (200) microns.

(iv) This tank mix requirement may be waived in part or in whole by the board if no entity can be identified as an acceptable source for development of the data.

(v) Where the product label is more restrictive than the board's restrictions, then the label must be complied with.

(3)(A) Ground applications of products with this classification shall not be made to Enlist seed technologies without commercial, noncommercial, and private applicators first completing new technology certification training.

(B) New technology certification training must be obtained through the University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension Service.

(C) Upon request proof of training must be provided to the [boarddepartment](#).

## **2 CAR § 70-112. Class G.**

(a)(1) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

(A) All other applicable federal and state laws and rules written pursuant thereto;

(B) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;

(C) The applicable restrictions identified for Class A, Class B, Class C, and Class D; and

(D) The following additional restrictions.

(2) Products assigned to this class include only those products:

(A) Packaged in containers one (1) gallon or larger;

(B) Labeled for agricultural use; and

(C) Used in row crop and rice production and commercial right-of-way treatment.

(b)(1) Class G products may not be applied in winds greater than ten miles per hour (10 m.p.h.), fifteen miles per hour (15 m.p.h.) if using a commercially available hooded sprayer.

(2) However, if the product label indicates a lesser wind speed should be used, then that wind speed must be used.

(c) Civil penalties assessed for each violation of the product label, applicable state or federal law, or the rules promulgated pursuant to these laws that involve a product

with this classification shall be assessed at the level indicated by the State Plant Board's Enforcement Response Rules, 2 CAR pt. 73, for a restricted-use product plus, where not otherwise forbidden by state or federal law, additional civil penalties may be added to bring the amount of the assessment up to the maximum amount allowed by law.

(d) For purposes of civil penalty assessment, products named to this classification shall be considered the same as federally restricted use products if not already designated as such.

(e) Failure to comply with these requirements will be a violation of this part.

### **2 CAR § 70-113. Class H.**

(a)(1) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:

(A) All other applicable federal and state laws and rules written pursuant thereto;

(B) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;

(C) The applicable restrictions identified for Class A; and

(D) The following additional restrictions.

(2) Products assigned to this class include only those products packaged in containers of more than one quart (1 qt.), labeled for agricultural use.

#### **(b) Dealer requirements.**

(1)(A) Before selling, offering for sale, or distributing pesticides with this designation in packages of more than one quart (1 qt.), a dealer must be a licensed restricted use pesticides dealer.

(B) A dealer may sell, offer for sale, or distribute only those pesticides that are registered in the state.

(2)(A) Each branch of a license holding dealer which also sells or distributes these products must have a dealer's license.

(B) Firms or distributors who take orders for these products must secure a dealer's license, even though the order is placed with a dealer or manufacturer who holds a license, and even though no profit is made.

(3)(A) Dealers must keep a record of each sale or distribution of products with

this designation to commercial, noncommercial, private applicators, or dealers in containers of more than one quart (1 qt.) on forms available from or approved by the ~~State Plant Board~~department.

(B) Entries in the record shall be made at the time of sale or distribution and shall include the:

(i) Date of the purchase;

(ii) Name, address, and license or permit number of the purchaser;

and

(iii) Name and address of the delivery location.

(C) The complete brand name and quantity of the product shall also be recorded.

(D) These records shall be:

(i) Kept by the dealer for two (2) years from the date of sale; and

(ii) Made available for inspection by the ~~board or its~~representative department upon request.

(4)(A) The sale or distribution of products with this classification in containers of more than one quart (1 qt.) to any firm or person other than a dealer or applicator holding a current and valid license or permit is prohibited.

(B) Dealer must have a copy of the applicator's license on file.

(5) Nonresidents of Arkansas shall designate and maintain a resident agent in this state for service of process.

**(c) Requirements for commercial, noncommercial, and private application of dicamba-containing pesticides.**

(1) From July 1 through October 31 of each year, applications of products labeled for agriculture use that contain dicamba are prohibited except applications made for:

(A) Turf, ornamental, direct injection for forestry activities and home use are allowed year round; and

(B)(i) Pasture and rangeland are allowed year round.

(ii) However, such applications must maintain buffers required in

subdivision (c)(2) of this section.

(2) From April 16 through June 30, all applications for in-crop agricultural use:

(A) Must maintain a one-mile buffer, in all directions, from University of Arkansas and United States Department of Agriculture research stations;

(B) Are prohibited from using tank mixes of products containing the active ingredient glyphosate mixed with pesticides containing the active ingredient dicamba labeled for in-crop use; and

(C) During application, a one-fourth-mile buffer zone in all directions from non-dicamba-tolerant crops must be maintained and one-half-mile for all certified organic crops and commercially grown specialty crops (defined as a minimum of one thousand (1,000) plants or the average annual crop sales for the previous three (3) years exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(3) From April 16 through October 31, applications of pesticides labeled for agricultural use that contain the active ingredient dicamba are prohibited for preplant (burndown) applications except:

(A) From April 16 through June 30, pesticides labeled for in-crop agricultural use, by ground, that contain the active ingredient dicamba and allow for the preplant (burndown) applications may be applied; and

(B) Such applications must maintain the requirements of buffers required in subdivision (b)(2) of this section.

(4) **Training requirements.**

(A)(i) Applications of products with this classification to dicamba-tolerant crops shall not be made without commercial, noncommercial, and private applicator first completing dicamba-specific training provided by a registrant of a dicamba product for use on dicamba-tolerant crops.

(ii) Upon request, proof of training must be provided to the [boarddepartment](#).

(B)(i) Applications of products with this classification to nondicamba crops or pasture and rangeland shall not be made without commercial, noncommercial, and private applicators first completing new technology certification training.

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(ii) New technology certification training must be obtained through the University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension Service.

(iii) Upon request, proof of training must be provided to the ~~board~~department.

(C) Applicators must provide the proof of training required by subdivision (b)(4) of this section to pesticide dealers prior to purchase.

**(5) Record keeping requirements.**

(A) Applicators must maintain records of each application of products with this designation.

(B) Said records must be:

(i) Retained for a period of ~~three (3)~~two (2) years; and

(ii) Available for inspection by ~~a board representative~~the department.

(C) The records shall include at a minimum the following information:

(i) Name and address of the person or persons in control of the crops, plant, etc;

(ii)(a) Location of the crop, plants, etc. treated.

(b) Location description must include:

(1) County;

(2) Nearest town;

(3) Physical address, if available; and

(4) GPS reading or map coordinates of the primary entrance to the field;

(iii) Date, start time, and ending time of the application;

(iv)(a) Wind speed and direction at the start time and ending time of the application and type of instrument used to measure wind speed and direction.

(b) The location of instrument at time of reading (preferably "field of application") must also be recorded;

(v) Complete brand name and United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number of the material used;

(vi) Number of acres and type of crop to which the material was

applied;

(vii) (a) Type of equipment used.

(b) If the product was applied by a commercial applicator, record the firm's application equipment number assigned to the equipment used by the ~~board~~department; and

(viii) Name of the application vehicle operator.

**(d) Exemptions.**

(1) The licensing requirements of this part do not apply to:

(A) The United States Department of Agriculture, the University of Arkansas experiment stations, and other state or federal agencies;

(B) Ornamental and turf weed control;

(C) Company demonstrations with ground equipment; or

(D) Sales of fertilizer, soil conditioners, or similar products containing registered products with this designation and packaged for home use.

(2) Products with the designation that are not designated as restricted use products by the United States Environmental Protection Agency may be purchased from an Arkansas pesticide dealer for use outside the State of Arkansas without the dealer having to have a dealer's license or the purchaser having an applicator's license.

(3) Commercial, noncommercial, and private applicators that can provide proof of current certification and licensing from another state may purchase restricted use pesticides from a restricted use pesticide dealer licensed in Arkansas if the product is to be used outside of Arkansas.

**2 CAR § 70-114. Class I.**

Products with this designation are those for which none of the aforementioned classifications or any combination thereof will resolve to an acceptable level the problems associated with the use of such product.

~~Appendix A. Attachment 1~~ **Quinclorac Use Restrictions**

**Link:**

<https://CodeOfARRules.arkansas.gov/docs/CARCodeAppendices/Appendices/389/2CARpt.70-Attachment1.pdf>

The buffer zones in the table below shall apply to Quinclorac herbicide applications:

<u>Herbicide Treatment Options</u>	<u>Application Equipment</u>	<u>Buffer Zones</u>	
		<u>When winds are blowing in the direction of incorporated towns or commercial plantings of the solanaceae family.</u>	<u>When winds are NOT blowing in the direction of incorporated towns or commercial plantings<sup>1</sup> of the solanaceae family.</u>
<u>a. Water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide tank-mixed with emulsifiable concentrate (EC) formulation herbicides such as:</u> - Stam M-4 EC                      - Arrololo 3+3 EC - Propanil EC                        - Ordram 8E - Abolish 8E                         - Bolero EC	<u>Aircraft Spray</u> <u>Wind Speed</u> <u>3 to 8 mph</u>	<u>4 miles</u>	<u>1 mile</u>
	<u>Ground Spray</u> <u>Wind Speed</u> <u>3 to 8 mph</u>	<u>1 mile</u>	<u>1/2 mile</u>
<u>b. Water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide applied in water alone or tank-mixed with emulsifiable concentrate formulation free herbicides such as:</u> - Basagran                            - Stam 80EDF - Blazer                                - Terra Propanil 80DF - Storm                                 - Wham EZ, Super Wham - Londax                                - Pentagon 60 WDG	<u>Aircraft Spray</u> <u>Wind Speed</u> <u>3 to 8 mph</u>	<u>1 mile</u>	<u>1 mile</u>
	<u>Ground Spray</u> <u>Wind Speed</u> <u>3 to 8 mph</u>	<u>1/2 mile</u>	<u>1/2 mile</u>

1. Exemption: In areas where cities have annexed blocks of agricultural land, water diluted sprays of Quinclorac may be used within or adjacent to the city limits, provided the application site is no closer than 1/2 mile to subdivisions when using ground equipment or 1 mile to subdivisions when using aircraft and no closer than 1/4 mile to established plants of the solanaceae family or established/emerged cotton.
2. No water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide shall be applied closer than 1/4 mile by any means to established/emerged cotton, noncommercial plantings of the solanaceae family, or closer than 1/2 mile by aircraft if the wind is blowing in the direction of such plants.
3. No water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide shall be applied closer than 1 mile by aircraft or 1/2 mile by ground equipment to established, certified commercial plantings of the solanaceae family (>1,000 plants each kind) statewide.

4. In addition to the above statewide requirements, the following additional restrictions shall apply to Poinsett County.
  - a. No water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide shall be applied in an area from one mile west of Highway #1 to one mile east of Highway #163 from the Craighead-Poinsett County line to the Cross-Poinsett County line.
  - b. Water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide shall be applied only by ground equipment in the area of Poinsett County from one mile west of Highway #1 to two miles west of Highway #1 and only by ground equipment in the area of Poinsett County from one mile east of Highway #163 to Ditch #10, from the Craighead-Poinsett County line to the Cross-Poinsett County line.
  - c. No water diluted spray of Quinclorac herbicide shall be applied within 1/2 mile with ground equipment or 1 mile by aircraft of commercial plantings of the solanaceae family and towns. This buffer is extended to one mile for ground application and two miles for aerial application when Quinclorac herbicide is mixed with emulsifiable concentrate formulation herbicides.
5. The buffer zones defined in paragraph one (1) (b) shall apply to tank mixes of water diluted sprays of Quinclorac and EC products for which the EC manufacturer has provided the Plant Board with atomization study data from a research entity acceptable to the Plant Board that shows that the product does not produce more "fines" (percent of total spray volume in droplets <105µm) than water.
6. All applications of Quinclorac shall be made in accordance with the applicable drift minimization recommendations of the Spray Drift Task Force.
7. Both air and ground application equipment shall be set up for application of Quinclorac in such a way that generation of spray droplets less than 105 microns in size is less than 5% of the total volume. The spray nozzle size classification must be designated as "coarse" by the British Crop Protection Council.
8. Quinclorac may not be sold to persons that do not possess a current Private, Commercial or Non-Commercial Applicator's License.

**2 CAR § 70-115. Class J.**

- (a)(1) Products with this designation shall be used in accordance with:
- (A) All other applicable federal and state laws and rules written pursuant thereto;
  - (B) The label registered with the State of Arkansas;
  - (C) The following additional restrictions.

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(b) Dealer Requirements.

(1)(A) Before selling, offering for sale, or distributing pesticides with this designation, a pesticide dealer must be licensed as a restricted use pesticide dealer.

(B) A restricted use pesticide dealer may sell, offer for sale, or distribute only those pesticides registered in the state.

(2)(A) Each branch of a license holding dealer which also sells or distributes these products must have a restricted use pesticide dealer's license.

(B) Firms or distributors who take orders for these products must secure a restricted use pesticide dealer's license, even though the order is placed with a dealer or manufacturer who holds a license, and even though no profit is made.

(3)(A) Restricted use pesticide dealers must keep a record of each sale or distribution of products with this designation to commercial, noncommercial, private applicators, or dealers.

(B) Entries in the record shall be made at the time of sale or distribution and shall include the:

(i) Date of the purchase;

(ii) Name, address, and license number of the purchaser;

(iii) Name and address of the delivery location;

(iv) Complete brand name;

(v) Quantity; and

(vi) EPA registration number

(C) These records shall be :

(i) Kept by the restricted use pesticide dealer for two (2) years from the date of sale; and

(ii) Made available for inspection by the department upon request.

(D) Restricted use pesticide dealers must have a copy of the applicator's license on file.

(4) Nonresidents of Arkansas shall designate and maintain a resident agent in this state for service of process.

(c) Requirements for commercial, noncommercial, and private applicators.

(1)(A) Use is prohibited in any county where black bears have been harvested since 2023, per the Arkansas Game and Fish Commission Black Bear Harvest Report.

(B) Use in all other counties is prohibited from April 1-November 30.

(2) Training requirements.

(A) Use of products with this classification shall not be made without the commercial, noncommercial, or private applicator first completing label specific training provided by the registrant of the product.

(B) Upon request, proof of training must be provided to the department.

(3) Record keeping requirements.

(A) Applicators must maintain records of each application of products with this designation.

(B) Said records must be:

(i) Retained for a period of two (2) years; and

(ii) Available for inspection by the department upon request.

(C) The records shall include at minimum the following information:

(i) Name and address of the person or persons in control of the pesticide(s);

(ii)(a) Location of the use.

(b) Location description must include:

(1) County;

(2) Nearest town;

(3) Physical address, if available; and

(4) GPS reading or map coordinate of the use

site;

(iii) Date, start time, and ending time of the application;

(iv) Complete brand name and United States

Environmental Protection Agency registration number of  
the material used; and

(v) Name of the licensed applicator



**Dan Wright**  
*President*

January 2, 2026

Arkansas Department of Agriculture  
Attn: Matthew M. Ford  
1 Natural Resources Drive  
Little Rock, AR 72202

**Re: Sale and Use of Warfarin as a Pesticide**

Dear Mr. Ford,

The Arkansas Farm Bureau supports the use of toxicants, including Kaput, as a necessary tool for the eradication of feral hogs in our state. Feral hogs cause significant damage to crops, pastureland, infrastructure, and natural ecosystems. Farmers and ranchers need access to a full range of tools and flexibility to make decisions that best fit their operations. Access to scientifically vetted products like Kaput is essential to protecting their livelihoods and mitigate further losses. Arkansas Farm Bureau has the following comments regarding the proposed rules for Class J pesticides or pesticides containing warfarin when used as a hog toxicant.

We are concerned with the proposed restriction in Section (c)(1)(A), which prohibits the use of Class J pesticides in any county where black bears have been harvested since 2023. This blanket restriction not only lacks scientific justification but also appears arbitrary and capricious. This concern is further supported by data from the Arkansas Game and Fish Commission's Black Bear Harvest Reports. Since 2013, fourteen counties have been added to the list of counties with at least one documented black bear harvest. Under the proposed rule, even a single bear harvested after 2023 would immediately prohibit the use of Class J pesticides in that county moving forward—regardless of whether bear activity is sustained or isolated. For example, Drew County had no recorded bear harvests from 2013 through 2021, yet one harvest in 2023 would permanently disqualify the county. This is particularly troubling given that Drew County consistently reports high numbers of feral hogs removed through coordinated eradication efforts, according to the Arkansas Feral Hog Eradication Task Force<sup>1</sup>. Because the proposed rule includes no mechanism to reassess or remove counties once added, it is reasonable to expect that more counties will continue to be added over time. This highlights a fundamental flaw in the rule where

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<sup>1</sup> In the absence of official population estimates, the number of hogs removed through coordinated eradication efforts, such as those reported by the Arkansas Feral Hog Eradication Task Force, is the best available indicator of feral hog pressure on the landscape.

counties with minimal bear activity and significant feral hog pressure are being regulated in a way that will essentially deny them a much-needed tool for eliminating feral hogs on agricultural lands.

We are also concerned about the seasonal restriction in Section (c)(1)(B), which prohibits use in all non-bear counties from April 1 through November 30. This restriction removes access to a critical tool during peak agricultural months, when feral hog damage is often most severe. More importantly, it imposes limitations even in counties where there is no evidence of black bear presence. Imposing a fixed seasonal ban, rather than implementing site-specific risk assessments or adaptive management plans, unnecessarily limits producers' options without corresponding scientific support.

The Kaput Feral Hog Bait label directs applicators to monitor bait feeders every 2 to 4 days once treatment has begun, to ensure hog activity and reduce the risk of spillage or non-target exposure. Since label-specific training is already required under Section (c)(2)(A), we recommend that the curriculum include guidance on identifying signs of black bear presence. Applicators should be trained to recognize indicators such as tracks, scat, or trail camera footage, and instructed to suspend use immediately if such signs are observed. This would provide a site-level safeguard that supports wildlife protection without implementing blanket restrictions at the county level.

We urge the State Plant Board to revise the proposed rule to allow for more flexible, science-based management of feral hog toxicants. It is in the best interest of Arkansas farmers and ranchers to have access to any and all methods of effective eradication tools to manage one the most destructive invasive species in the state.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dan Wright". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "D" and a stylized "W".

Dan Wright, President  
Arkansas Farm Bureau Federation

DW/kw

# Proposed Rulemaking

## Title

Promulgated by:  
State Plant Board

### Title 2. Agriculture

#### Chapter II. State Plant Board, Department of Agriculture

#### Subchapter A. Generally

#### Part 23. Rules on Catfish Processors in Arkansas

#### Subpart 1. Generally

#### **2 CAR § 23-101. ~~General purpose and intent.~~ [Repealed]**

~~—(a) The Arkansas Catfish Processor Fair Practices Act of 1987, § 2-6-101 et seq., charges the State Plant Board with the responsibility of registering, auditing, and regulating those catfish processors who receive or purchase catfish from producers.~~

~~—(b) The principal objective and intent of this law is to provide any catfish producer who delivers catfish to a processor in Arkansas some measure of protection from unlawful or fraudulent processing and payment practices.~~

#### **2 CAR § 23-102. ~~Organization and designation of duties.~~ [Repealed]**

~~—(a) The Arkansas Catfish Processor Fair Practices Act, § 2-6-101 et seq., will be administered as a section of the Division of Marketing of the State Plant Board.~~

~~—(b) The Director of Marketing and the Manager of the Public Grain Warehouse Section are designated the authority and duties assigned by the Commissioner in Acts 1987, No. 365, and will be carried out under general supervision from the Commissioner in Acts 1987, No. 365, and Acts 1967, No. 434, as amended, the Arkansas Administrative Procedure Act, § 25-15-201 et seq.~~

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**2 CAR § 23-103. Registration.** [Repealed]

~~—(a) All "persons" as defined by law engaged in the handling, storing, preparing, manufacturing, packaging, or holding of catfish products shall register with the State Plant Board.~~

~~—(b) The registration shall be for a period of one (1) year, which runs from July 1 through June 30 of each year.~~

~~—(c)(1) Registration shall be on forms provided by the State Plant Board.~~

~~—(2) Each registration form shall be accompanied by a financial statement and a certificate of fact.~~

~~—(3) The financial statement shall be a signed report of a certified public accountant or a registered public accountant which must be a representation of an examined audit report, review report, or a compilation report.~~

**2 CAR § 23-104. Security.** [Repealed]

~~—(a)(1) Catfish processors who elect to pay for the fish they purchase as specified in Acts 1987, No. 365, § 5(1)(b), taking up to fourteen (14) days to pay, shall provide security in the form of:~~

~~—(A) Cash;~~

~~—(B) Bond;~~

~~—(C) Certificate of deposit;~~

~~—(D) Letter of credit; or~~

~~—(E) Such other evidences of security as authorized by the State Plant Board.~~

~~—(2) Processors who elect to pay for fish the day of delivery, per Section 5(1)(a), or as specified in a written contract or agreement, per Section 5(1)(c), are exempt from this section.~~

~~—(b)(1) The issuing institution of a bond, certificate of deposit, letter of credit, or any other securities shall not cancel the security unless a thirty day written notice of~~

~~cancellation is sent by certified mail to the Director of the State Plant Board, P.O. Box 1069, Little Rock, AR 72203.~~

~~————(2) Cancellation notice must be received at least thirty (30) days prior to the cancellation or termination date of said security.~~

~~——(c)(1) All renewal or replacement bonds, certificates of deposit, letters of credit, or other securities specified by the board shall be in the board office five (5) business days prior to the effective cancellation or termination date of said security.~~

~~————(2)(A) If renewal or replacement documents are not received within the five-day time frame, the original security shall be drawn on by the board staff.~~

~~————(B) All monies received from the drawing shall be held by the board for the purpose of paying producers and/or secured creditors for nonpayment by the processor.~~

~~(d)(1) The minimum security shall be set at twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) for any person or persons, as defined by law, deemed as being a processor.~~

~~————(2)(A) All bonds or combinations of securities shall be set at a rate of twenty cents (20¢) per pound of catfish purchased by the processor.~~

~~————(B) Increments of security shall be set in the following amounts:~~

<b>LBS. OF CATFISH PURCHASED PER MONTH</b>	<b>AMOUNT OF SECURITY</b>
<del>0 - 99,00</del>	<del>\$20,000</del>
<del>100,000 - 199,0</del>	<del>\$40,000</del>
<del>200,000 - 299,0</del>	<del>\$60,000</del>
<del>300,000 - 399,0</del>	<del>\$80,000</del>
<del>400,000 - 499,0</del>	<del>\$100,000</del>
<del>500,000 - 599,0</del>	<del>\$120,000</del>
<del>600,000 - 699,0</del>	<del>\$140,000</del>
<del>700,000 - 799,0</del>	<del>\$160,000</del>
<del>800,000 - 899,0</del>	<del>\$180,000</del>
<del>900,000 - 999,0</del>	<del>\$200,000</del>
<del>Amounts Over - 1,000</del>	<del>Maximum \$250,000</del>

~~—(e) Security documents shall be included with registration forms.~~

**2 CAR § 23-105. ~~Contracts or agreements between producers and buyers.~~** [Repealed]

~~—(a) Catfish processors who elect to pay for the fish they purchase as specified in Acts 1987, No. 365, § 5(1)(c), written contracts and agreements, shall have their contracts/agreements prepared in advance and approved by the State Plant Board.~~

~~—(b)(1) Each contract/agreement shall contain:~~

~~—(A) A statement informing the producer or seller that he is relinquishing all rights and title to the buyer or processor upon delivery of catfish; and~~

~~—(B) A lien holder statement.~~

~~—(2) The Director of the State Plant Board may require any additional information deemed necessary to protect the interest of the producer or seller or secured creditor in these transactions.~~

~~—(c) All contracts/agreements shall be prenumbered with no duplication of numbers.~~

**2 CAR § 23-106. ~~Scales for weighing catfish.~~** [Repealed]

~~—(a) As a matter of fair practice, all scales used for the weighing of catfish by a processor shall be calibrated, tested, and officially approved by the Arkansas Bureau of Standards.~~

~~—(b) It shall be the duty of the catfish processor to contact the bureau annually for the testing and approval of their scales used for weighing catfish.~~

~~—(c) If a processor's scale is not approved, the processor shall not engage in the business of buying catfish from producers.~~

**2 CAR § 23-107. ~~Weigh tickets.~~** [Repealed]

~~—(a) Weigh tickets used for the weighing of catfish shall be prenumbered and in the form prescribed by the State Plant Board.~~

~~—(b) All records shall be maintained on a daily basis by the catfish processor which the board deems necessary for auditing purposes.~~

**DRAFT**

~~—(c) The board shall require changes in weigh tickets and other record-keeping forms anytime deemed necessary while auditing and regulating catfish processors.~~

**2 CAR § 23-108. Auditing.** ~~[Repealed]~~

~~—(a) Auditors of the State Plant Board's Public Grain Warehouse Section shall audit the records of Arkansas catfish processors periodically to determine:~~

~~——(1) Volume of catfish purchased;~~

~~——(2) Payment of producers as specified, contracted, or agreed to; and~~

~~——(3) Solvency of the processor, under Acts 1987, No. 365, § 6.~~

~~—(b) All registrants shall maintain on a daily basis bookkeeping records required by the State Plant Board as deemed necessary for auditing purposes.~~

## Internal Control and Compliance Assessment

### Arkansas Legislative Audit

## Arkansas Department of Agriculture

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



## INTRODUCTION

This report is issued to inform the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee of compliance with state fiscal laws and regulations as well as deficiencies in internal controls for the Arkansas Department of Agriculture. As discussed in the Results of Assessment section below, our procedures disclosed an unauthorized payroll disbursement.

## SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

We performed an internal control and compliance assessment of the Arkansas Department of Agriculture, a department of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report dated August 13, 2025. Management of the Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and complying with applicable laws and regulations.

The assessment included cash on deposit, cash receipts, accounts receivable, investments, expenditures, liabilities, capital assets, and data entry to the Arkansas Administrative Statewide Information System (AASIS). The assessment consisted principally of inquiries, observations, analytical procedures, and selected tests of internal control policies and procedures, accounting records, and other relevant documents. We relied on financial data in AASIS recorded by the Department and audit work conducted in the fiscal year 2024 State Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) and Single Audit Report.

## RESULTS OF ASSESSMENT

Assessment procedures disclosed the following internal control or compliance matters that were discussed with Department officials during the assessment and at the exit conference:

**Finding:** Prior to ALA fieldwork, the Department discovered an erroneous, unauthorized payroll disbursement of \$1,240 resulting from an employee's paycheck being deposited into an incorrect bank account. Further review revealed that the employee's direct deposit account information was changed without the employee's authorization by an individual who gained access to the employee's email. The Department was unable to recover the funds. Additionally, the Department failed to notify Arkansas Legislative Audit (ALA) of the apparent unauthorized disbursement, theft, or misappropriation of public funds, as required by Ark. Code Ann. § 25-1-124.

We recommend the Department strengthen internal controls to prevent improper changes to employees' direct deposit details and to ensure that payroll disbursements are made to the proper individual. Additionally, we recommend the Department establish procedures to ensure ALA is notified of apparent losses of public funds, in compliance with Arkansas Code.

**Management response:** The Department agrees with this finding and has implemented additional procedures for verifying the authenticity of payroll changes. In alignment with the recommendations outlined in the Office of Personnel Management memoranda dated March 8, 2024, regarding phishing attempts, and April 22, 2025, concerning direct deposit changes, strict adherence is being maintained.

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Report ID: SAC990124

Report Date: August 13, 2025



*as a control measure to prevent unauthorized modifications to payroll direct deposits. Additionally, the Department has reiterated with staff that any suspected or actual theft or shortage must be reported immediately to the Department's fiscal leadership to ensure timely and appropriate notification to Arkansas Legislative Audit.*

## **ENABLING LEGISLATION AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE**

The Arkansas Agriculture Department was created by Act 1978 of 2005 to enhance marketing of the State's agricultural products in state, national, and international markets. The creation of the Department also combined the administrative functions of three existing state agencies (i.e., Arkansas Forestry Commission, Arkansas Livestock and Poultry Commission, and Arkansas State Plant Board) with the Agriculture Department. The Arkansas Natural Resources Commission was established to provide adequate, acceptable water for all users; to plan and coordinate water resource development; to protect individual water rights; to inspect and approve all dam construction; and to perform research to improve water and soil conservation. In accordance with Act 910 of 2019, effective July 1, 2019, these agencies, along with the Arkansas State Board of Registration for Professional Soil Classifiers, the Arkansas State Board of Registration for Foresters, and the Arkansas Veterinary Medical Examining Board, were combined to create the cabinet-level Department of Agriculture. As shown in **Exhibit I** on **page 3**, the Department has five divisions:

1. **Livestock and Poultry Division** was established to control and eradicate diseases and pests in livestock and poultry and to supervise enforcement actions related to livestock and poultry.
2. **Shared Services Division** administers shared services that are available to and used by all divisions in the Department of Agriculture.
3. **Plant Industries Division** protects the citizens of Arkansas and the agriculture industry by enforcing laws and regulations related to insect and disease control.
4. **Forestry Division**, led by the State Forester, protects Arkansas's forests from wildfires and other natural hazards and promotes forest health, stewardship, development, and conservation.
5. **Natural Resources Division** establishes policy and makes funding and regulatory decisions related to the conservation, development, and management of Arkansas's waters.

As a result of Act 712 of 2023, effective July 1, 2023, the following entities and their administrative functions were transferred to the Department of Agriculture: the Arkansas Catfish Promotion Board, Arkansas Soybean Promotion Board, Arkansas Rice Research and Promotion Board, Arkansas Wheat Promotion Board, Arkansas Corn and Grain Sorghum Promotion Board, and Arkansas Beef Council. Arkansas Farm Bureau, which had performed administrative duties for these agencies, continued to assist with the administration of the agencies until July 31, 2023.

## **FISCAL ANALYSIS**

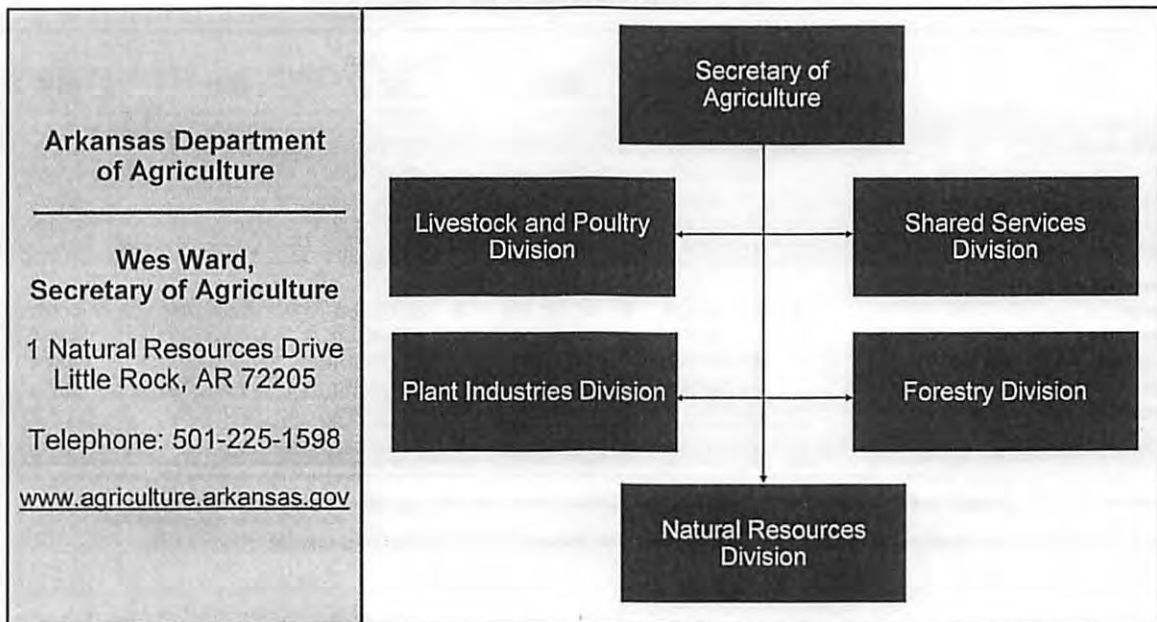
Summary financial information for each business area is presented in **Exhibit II** on **page 3**.

### **Revenues, Expenditures, and Transfers**

The Department reported \$71.6 million in total revenue for fiscal year 2024. The primary source of these funds was special revenues. Expenditures totaled \$169.4 million for fiscal year 2024, with salaries comprising 24.3%. The Department reported net transfers in of \$87.5 million for fiscal year 2024. Total general revenue transfers in were \$27.2 million. Revenues, expenditures, and transfers for fiscal years 2020 through 2024 are presented in **Exhibit III** on **page 4**.

Exhibit I

Arkansas Department of Agriculture  
Organizational Chart



Source: Arkansas Department of Agriculture

Exhibit II

Arkansas Department of Agriculture  
Summary of Financial Information by Business Area  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Board/Commission/Division	Assets	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Liabilities	Revenues	Expenditures	Net Transfers In (Out)
Arkansas Agriculture Department	\$ 131,713,378		\$ 5,467,509	\$ 39,045,319	\$ 49,707,007	\$ 14,938,301
Arkansas Natural Resources Commission	235,633,160	\$ 5,203,627	213,260,634	12,434,007	21,291,043	(7,088,345)
Department of Agriculture (cabinet level)	25,911,755		3,019,861	20,075,246	98,381,221	79,649,974
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$ 393,258,293</b>	<b>\$ 5,203,627</b>	<b>\$ 221,748,004</b>	<b>\$ 71,554,572</b>	<b>\$ 169,379,271</b>	<b>\$ 87,499,930</b>

Source: Arkansas Administrative Statewide Information System Trial Balance (unaudited by Arkansas Legislative Audit)

Exhibit III

Arkansas Department of Agriculture  
Revenues, Expenditures, and Transfers  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 through 2024

	Fiscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
<b>Revenues</b>					
Special revenues	\$ 41,194,625	\$ 23,600,236	\$ 23,294,416	\$ 20,375,491	\$ 20,279,597
Fees	2,167,201	814,440	2,339,621	4,636,290	3,099,424
Other revenues	7,449,757	6,022,418	5,630,236	6,053,670	7,215,211
Federal grants and reimbursements	20,742,989	17,882,152	16,175,129	15,717,176	12,469,080
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 71,554,572</b>	<b>\$ 48,119,246</b>	<b>\$ 47,439,402</b>	<b>\$ 46,782,627</b>	<b>\$ 43,063,312</b>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
Salaries	\$ 41,194,631	\$ 41,061,074	\$ 39,376,986	\$ 36,885,756	\$ 36,107,448
Commodities, materials, and supplies	5,418,637	4,938,002	4,844,134	4,301,637	3,564,784
Assistance, grants, and aids	103,567,140	25,385,747	13,477,819	19,249,211	11,254,507
Other expenses	19,198,863	34,055,452	25,835,040	8,502,036	2,532,290
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 169,379,271</b>	<b>\$ 105,440,275</b>	<b>\$ 83,533,959</b>	<b>\$ 68,938,640</b>	<b>\$ 53,459,029</b>
<b>Net Transfers In/Out</b>	<b>\$ (87,499,930)</b>	<b>\$ (23,369,052)</b>	<b>\$ (16,400,642)</b>	<b>\$ (18,704,927)</b>	<b>\$ (6,276,399)</b>

Note: Amounts prior to fiscal year 2024 do not include promotion boards transferred into the cabinet-level Department of Agriculture.

Source: Arkansas Administrative Statewide Information System Trial Balance (unaudited by Arkansas Legislative Audit)

**Assets, Deferred Outflow of Resources, and Liabilities**

As of June 30, 2024, the Department's assets totaled \$393.3 million, and liabilities totaled \$221.7 million. A significant portion of assets is related to loan receivables, and a significant portion of liabilities is related to bonds payable, both of which are discussed separately below. Asset and liability balances at year-end for fiscal years 2020 through 2024 are presented in Exhibit IV on page 5.

**Loans Receivable**

One major Department activity is administering loans for various water, sewer, and wastewater projects of the State. Related to these activities, the Department reported net loans receivable of \$127.5 million: total loans receivable of \$238.3 million less allowance for doubtful accounts and deferred loans of \$110.8 million. Allowance for doubtful accounts refers to loans that meet criteria determined by the Department in the normal course of business. Deferred loans are for irrigation projects with project completion not expected until additional funding from federal sources is available. Payments are not due until project completion. A schedule of loan activity by type for the year ended June 30, 2024, is provided in Exhibit V on page 5.

**Bonds Payable and Debt Service**

Funding for loans is from general obligation and other bond proceeds. Debt service is from collections on loans, other Department funds, and general revenue. The Department reported \$206.4 million in bonds payable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, as shown in Exhibit VI on page 6. In fiscal year 2024, the Department issued \$30.0 million in new bond debt.

## Exhibit IV

**Arkansas Department of Agriculture  
Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Liabilities  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 through 2024**

	Fiscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 165,842,116	\$ 132,826,704	\$ 123,399,773	\$ 86,689,130	\$ 86,799,514
Receivables	133,187,483	133,163,752	133,202,148	147,087,498	147,011,466
Fixed assets	81,153,735	78,016,568	72,053,628	70,824,692	68,575,786
Other assets	13,074,959	2,930,781	5,931,283	5,871,138	5,844,154
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 393,258,293</b>	<b>\$ 346,937,805</b>	<b>\$ 334,586,832</b>	<b>\$ 310,472,458</b>	<b>\$ 308,230,920</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>					
Related to bond amortization	\$ 5,203,627	\$ 5,651,717	\$ 6,099,806	\$ 6,547,896	\$ 4,744,487
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Bonds payable	\$ 206,365,000	\$ 199,770,000	\$ 174,669,236	\$ 149,695,000	\$ 165,520,000
Payroll liability	722,288	724,960	2,057,889	1,755,290	1,466,029
Due to other state agencies	3,791,810	1,358,422	2,459,999	1,805,826	2,053,887
Unearned income	3,141,888	3,138,484	2,700,810	3,112,441	2,794,659
Other liabilities	7,727,018	7,218,323	7,132,368	6,263,247	6,365,744
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 221,748,004</b>	<b>\$ 212,210,189</b>	<b>\$ 189,020,302</b>	<b>\$ 162,631,804</b>	<b>\$ 178,200,319</b>

Note: Amounts prior to fiscal year 2024 do not include promotion boards transferred into the cabinet-level Department of Agriculture.

Source: Arkansas Administrative Statewide Information System Trial Balance (unaudited by Arkansas Legislative Audit)

## Exhibit V

**Arkansas Natural Resources Commission  
Loans Receivable Rollforward  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	WDF	WSSW	CGO	Totals
Beginning Loan Receivable Balance	\$13,252,159	\$16,536,787	\$202,174,411	\$231,963,357
Prior-year adjustment	(16,239)	(55)	(24,022)	(40,316)
Loan disbursements	301,472	566,260	18,364,076	19,231,808
Principal payments	(2,425,603)	(4,209,864)	(6,212,413)	(12,847,880)
Ending Loan Receivable Balance	<b>\$11,111,789</b>	<b>\$12,893,128</b>	<b>\$214,302,052</b>	<b>\$238,306,969</b>

WDF = Water Development Fund

WSSW = Water, Sewer, and Solid Waste Management Systems Program

CGO = Water, Waste, Disposal, and Pollution Abatement Facilities General Obligation Bond Program

Source: Arkansas Natural Resources Commission and Arkansas Administrative Statewide Information System Trial Balance (unaudited by the Arkansas Legislative Audit)

**Exhibit VI**

**Arkansas Department of Agriculture  
Bonds Payable Roll Forward Summary  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

	Fiscal Year	
	2024	2023
Bonds Payable at Beginning of Year	\$ 199,770,000	\$ 174,170,000
<b>Additions</b>		
Bond issues	30,000,000	43,000,000
<b>Deletions</b>		
Scheduled principal payments	(23,405,000)	(17,400,000)
<b>Bonds Payable at Year-End</b>	<u>\$ 206,365,000</u>	<u>\$ 199,770,000</u>

Source: Arkansas Administrative Statewide Information System Trial Balance  
(unaudited by Arkansas Legislative Audit)

**Tariff-Rate Quota (TRQ) Activity by Year**

The Tariff-Rate Quota (TRQ) proceeds generated through the export of rice to certain European Union countries have existed since 1999. TRQ proceeds associated with exports to Columbia began in fiscal year 2013. TRQ proceeds are deposited periodically into the investment account maintained by the Rice Foundation. Investment income is also deposited into the account, and disbursements from the account have only been for projects approved by the Arkansas Rice Research and Promotion Board. The Colombia TRQ agreement spans 20 years. In years 1-10, proceeds can only be used for direct research projects. In years 11-20, proceeds can be used for direct projects. At no time can proceeds be used for general administrative purposes. A summary of TRQ activities and balances from their inception until June 30, 2024, is included in Exhibit VII on page 7.

Exhibit VII

Arkansas Department of Agriculture — Arkansas Rice Research and Promotion Board  
 Tariff-Rate Quota (TRQ) Activities and Balances  
 For the Years Ended June 30, 1999 through 2024

Fiscal Year	European Union					Colombia					Combined Total
	Deposits from AARQ	Interest	Research Projects	To-Date Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Balance	Deposits from COL-RICE	Interest	Research Projects	To-Date Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Balance	
FY1999	\$ 896,185	\$ 11,939			\$ 908,124						
FY2000	883,571	50,101	\$ (222,904)		1,618,892						
FY2001	657,301	85,282	(135,328)		2,226,127						
FY2002	588,284	34,486	(362,471)		2,486,426						
FY2003	715,915	13,360	(1,443,638)		1,772,063						
FY2004	873,478	8,825	(200,000)		2,454,166						
FY2005	270,263	31,231	(200,000)		2,555,660						
FY2006	102,008	71,300	(200,000)		2,528,968						
FY2007	49,347	127,284	(200,000)		2,505,599						
FY2008	44,466	114,006	(200,000)		2,464,071						
FY2009	111,854	86,927			2,662,852						
FY2010	142,199	5,281	(2,300,000)		510,332						
FY2011	143,164	(2,838)			650,658						
FY2012	159,980	2,118			812,766						
FY2013	93,793	3,170			909,719	\$ 1,444,599	\$ 2,758			\$ 1,447,357	\$ 2,357,076
FY2014	75,178	1,231			986,128	5,257,598	5,661	\$ (527,000)		6,183,606	7,469,734
FY2015	51,664	2,264			1,040,056	7,814,998	17,049	(4,033,703)		9,981,950	11,022,006
FY2016	48,889	6,629			1,095,574	7,534,075	81,166	(613,177)		16,984,014	16,079,588
FY2017	52,954	9,934			1,158,462	8,082,545	146,746	(5,169,000)		18,044,305	19,202,767
FY2018	83,319	13,783	(89,000)		1,166,564	1,381,630	192,261	(4,000,000)		15,618,197	16,784,760
FY2019	97,681	23,309	(30,000)		1,257,554	3,302,440	292,573	(5,544,331)		13,668,879	13,926,433
FY2020	19,541	23,373	(65,500)		1,234,868	7,363,032	224,897	(11,987,482)		9,269,326	10,504,294
FY2021		3,853	(35,000)		1,203,621	204,738	27,793			9,501,857	10,705,477
FY2022		2,302	(35,000)		1,170,923	765,206	19,238	(275,108)		10,011,193	11,182,115
FY2023		13,956			1,184,879	1,772,465	111,128	(4,654,487)		7,240,328	8,425,207
FY2024	75,906	24,539	(70,000)	\$ (3,278)	1,212,046	1,987,805	159,496	(947,564)	\$ (22,724)	8,397,341	9,609,387
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$ 6,236,940</b>	<b>\$ 767,225</b>	<b>\$ (5,788,841)</b>	<b>\$ (3,278)</b>	<b>\$ 1,212,046</b>	<b>\$ 44,891,152</b>	<b>\$ 1,280,785</b>	<b>\$ (37,751,852)</b>	<b>\$ (22,724)</b>	<b>\$ 8,397,341</b>	<b>\$ 6,609,387</b>

AARQ = Association for the Allocation of Rice Quotas, Inc.  
 COL-RICE = Colombia Rice Export Quota, Inc.

Source: Arkansas Department of Agriculture (unaudited by the Arkansas Legislative Audit)

